# Safety in Spaceflight: Recognizing Narrow Margins









## What keeps a Great Team safe?

- Processes
- Procedures
- Tools
- Most important: People!

Life in a Pressure Vessel...









# Forget your margins: Kill you or your company





Space: can you find the 14 pressure vessels?





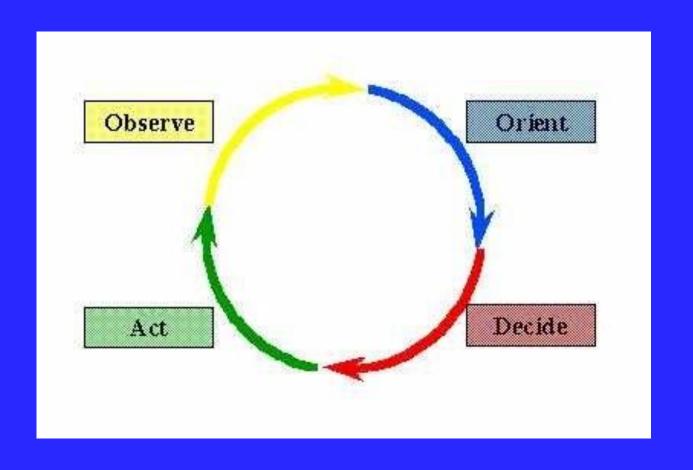




CI: The recognition that the margin between success and failure is very narrow; test and train to maximum efficiency.

- Details missed CAN kill you (kill your brand)
- Question EVERYTHING
- Act like everyone has your life (career) in their hands
- Plan, brief, execute, debrief (PBED), REPLAN...
- Communicate objectives and expectations

## Col John Boyd's "OODA Loop"











### First Crew:

- STS-89: Culture challenges
- STS-104:
- STS-117:







## Three Things:

- Do you have a plan?
- Is it working?
- Are you ahead or behind?

## Fourth thing:

- What would you do differently?
- PBED!





Train like you fly, fly like you train!

### Second Crew:

- STS-89:
- STS-104: Overachievers
- STS-117:











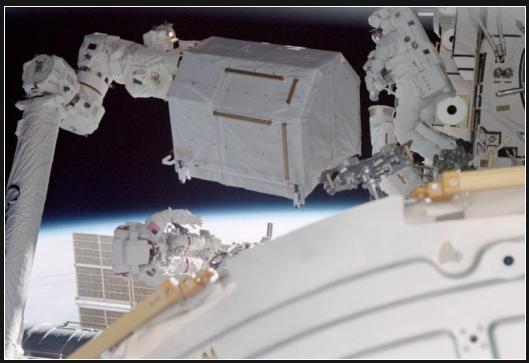


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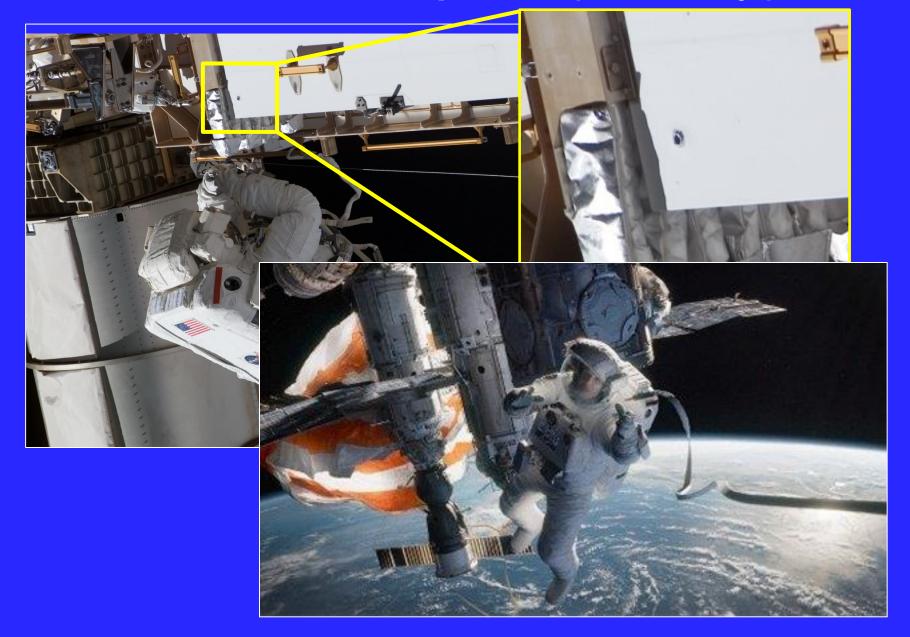
Your life depends on your team!



# Each procedure a series of tasks

Each task evaluated for safety and efficiency

# MMOD - Impact (literally)



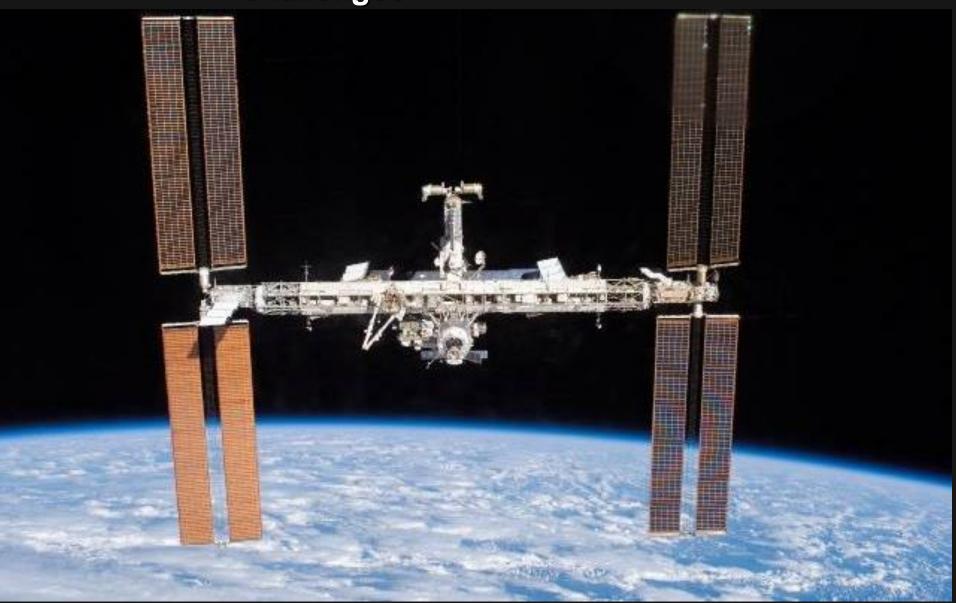
### Third Crew:

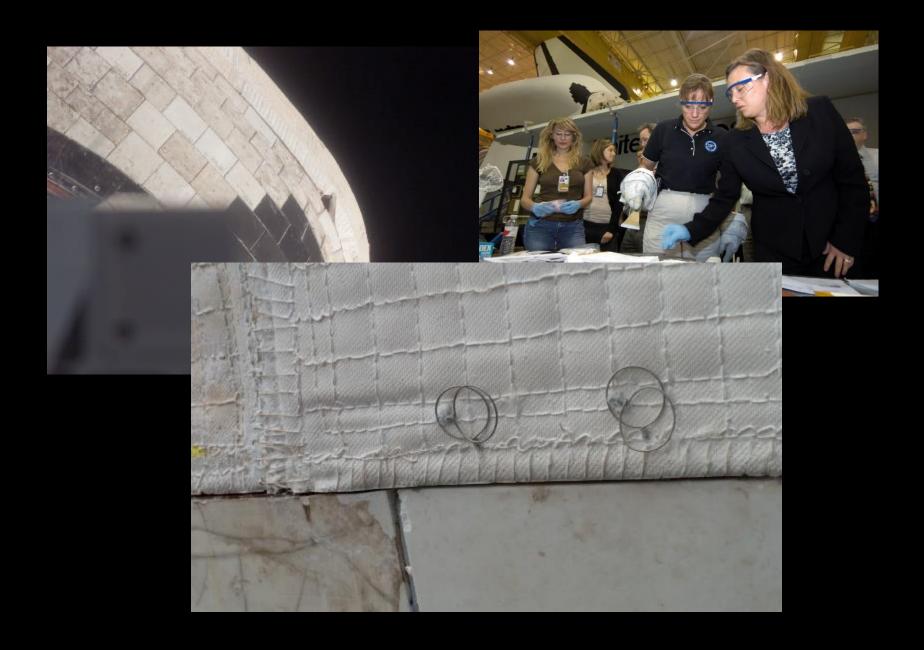
- STS-89:
- STS-104:
- STS-117: Leaders All Team Challenges



#### **Install the S3-S4 Truss and Solar arrays**

Faced lots of unanticipated challenges

















#### Three Different Teams: All Successful!

- The Mission is CRITICAL
  - Each has a role required for success
- Fun is contagious and cements the team
  - STS-104, Southwest Airlines
- Train like you fly; fly like you train
  - Make CI part of your training and mission
- Question EVERYTHING
  - If getting relaxed, start checking details
- Continuous Improvement is a lifestyle...
  - Cl rests on a foundation of communication

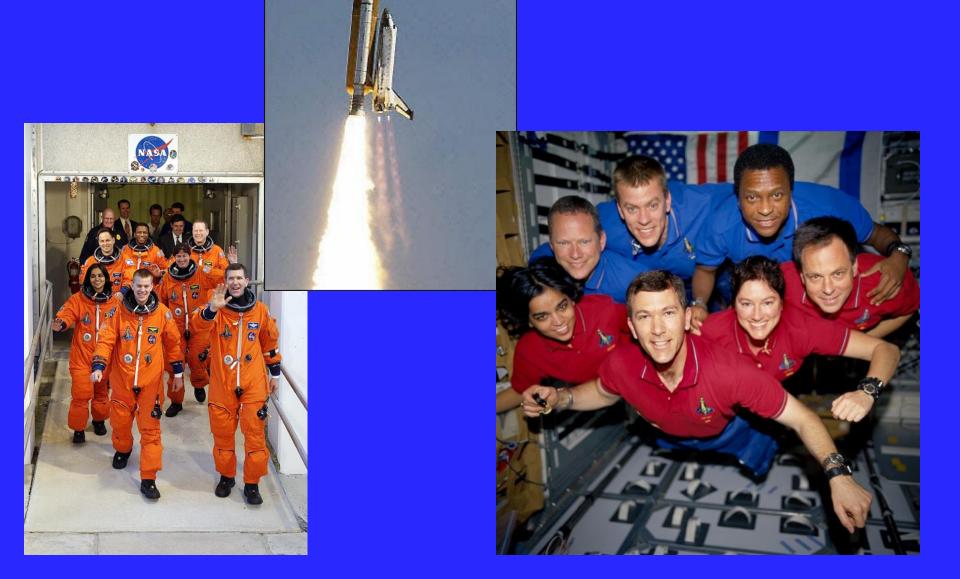


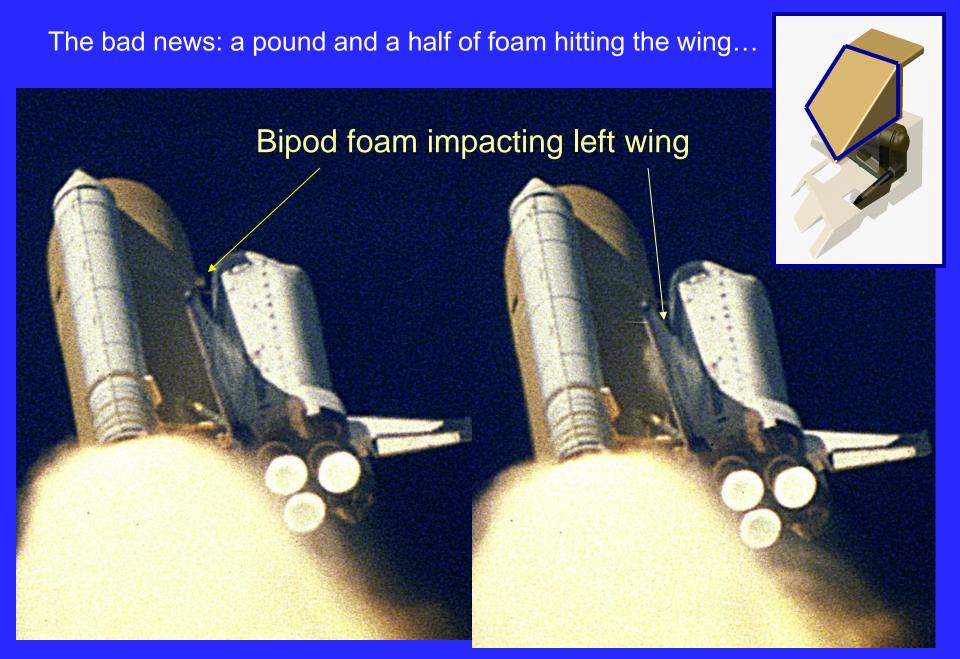
# Simple Rules for Great Teams



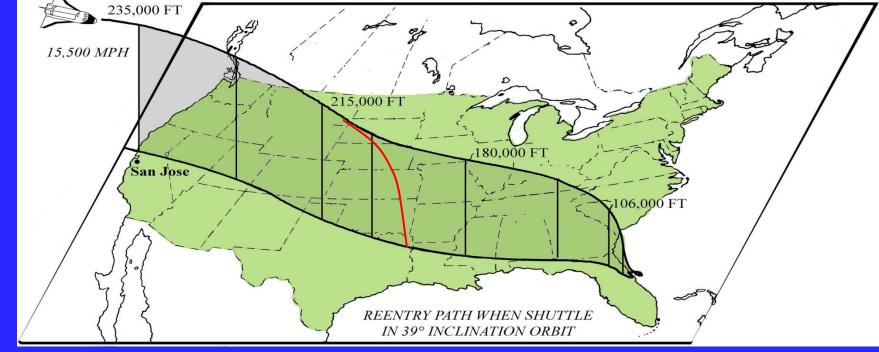
### Space Shuttle Columbia accident:

# Teamwork and Communications Failure Case





The really bad news: this foam had been shed before and we knew it...







#### What happened?

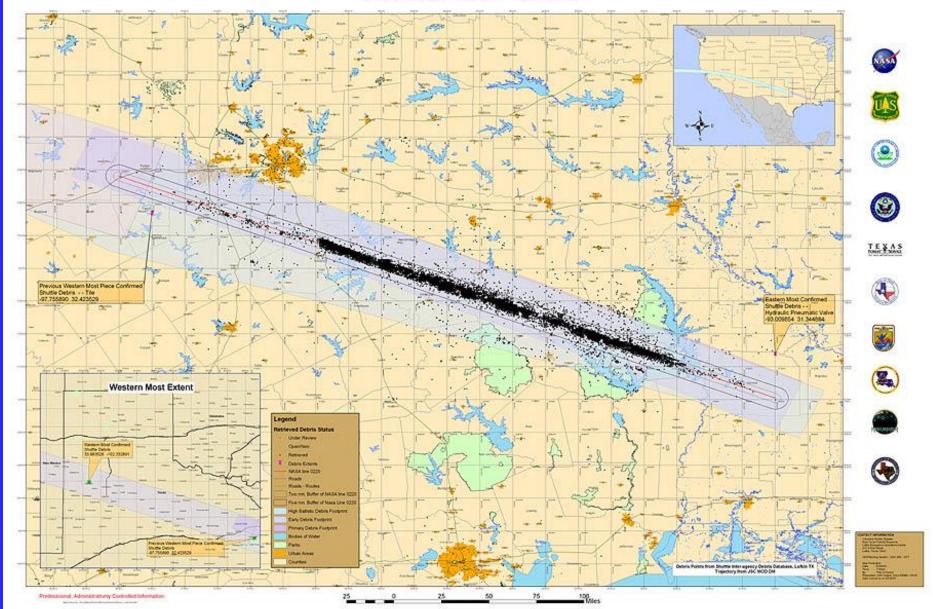








#### Confirmed Debris - 3/29/03



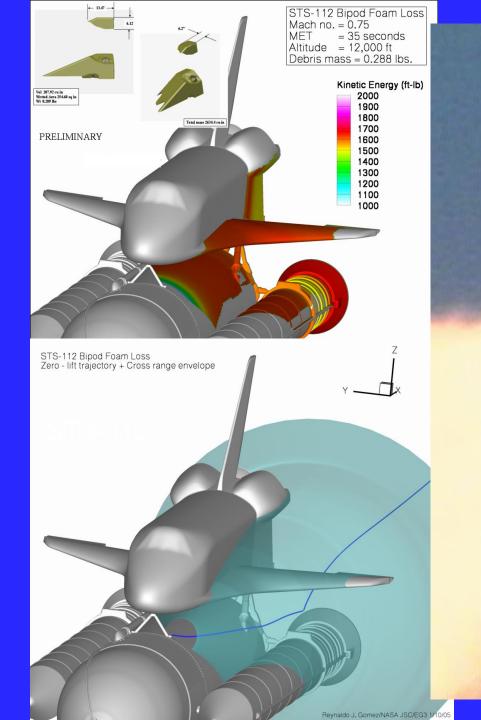






First job: find our crew

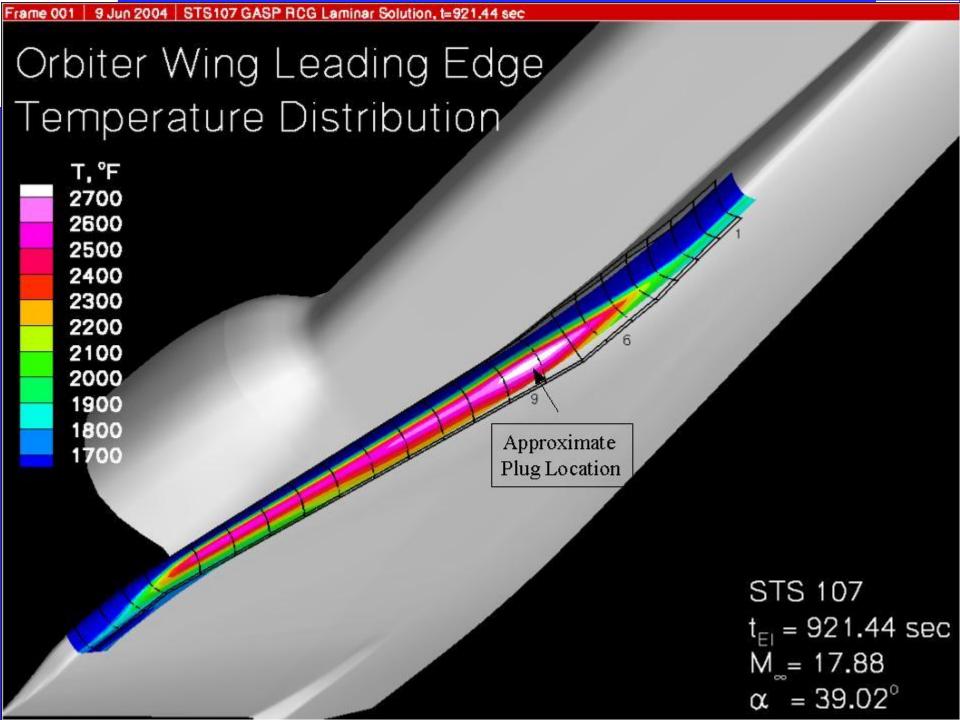
Second job: find the fault



#### STS-107 ET208 Video Fields



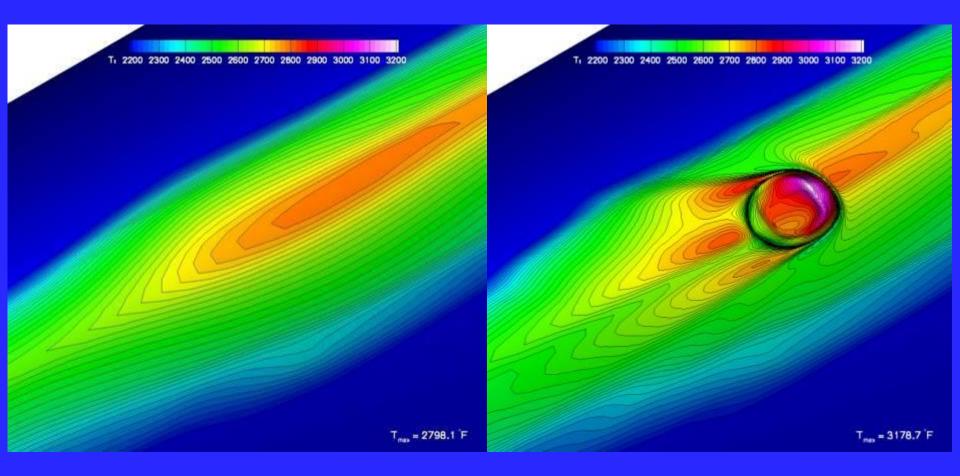
16:15:40:21.695 to .862 UTC Unable to track debris in two fields (.778 & .795)



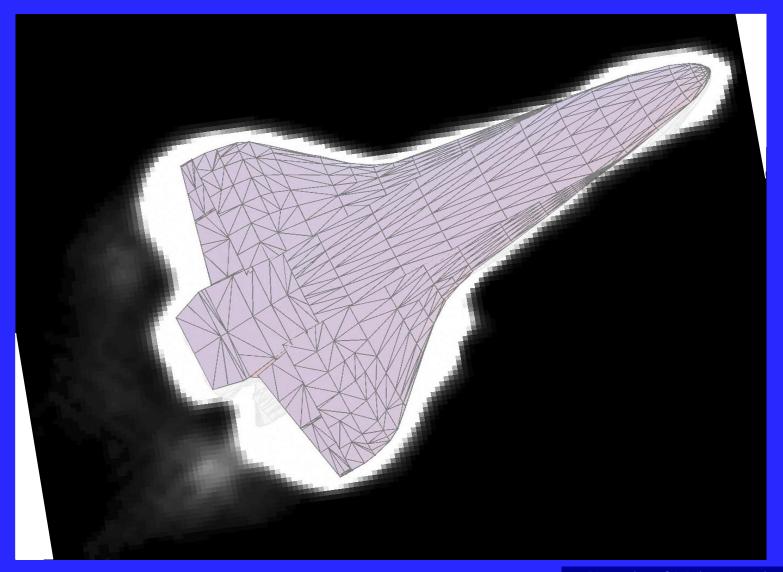
#### Repair site CFD Solutions Mach 18 Temperatures

DPLR Alternate Physical Model

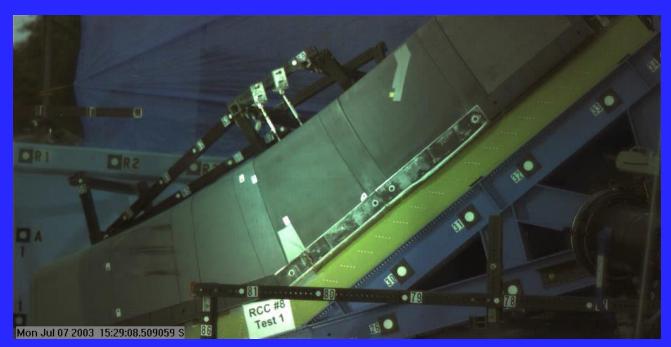
Baseline Distorted Airflow



### Kirtland Photo Seems to Show a Disturbed Flow Field in Front of the Left Hand Wing



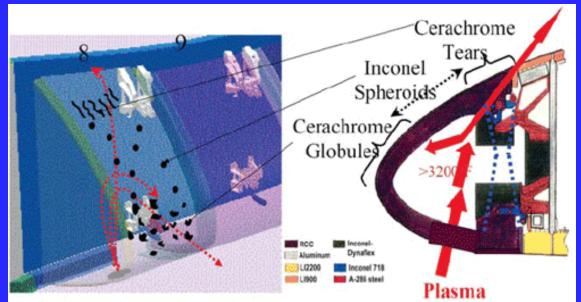
#### RCC Panel 6 775 fps, 1.5 lbs.-m. Test Video

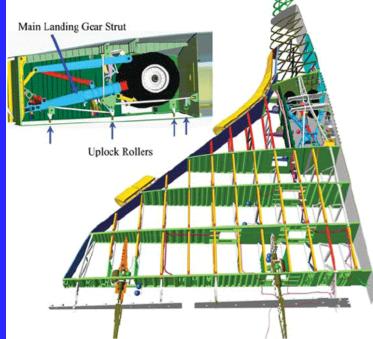


What happened on the day of launch?







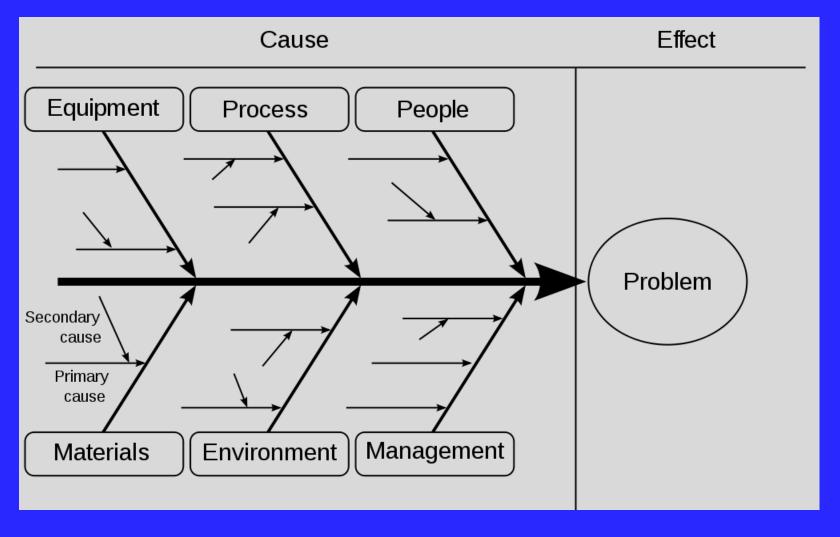




#### Columbia reconstruction: not the usual a/c case.



# How to begin the failure analysis



## Change the decision-making culture

- Move away from the "prove it isn't safe" to back to the "prove it's safe"
  - We operate at the ragged edge of physics
  - Every time we forgot this we killed someone
- Overused term: Empower...but it is applicable
  - Make sure everyone is heard
  - Don't let the desire to "check the box" drive your decision
- Remember that schedules are only a guideline
- Listen to your troops!!
- Listen to your troops!!







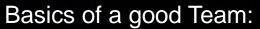
Apollo 1 January, 1967



Challenger, January 1986







- ✓ Belief
- ✓ Trust
- ✓ Respect
- ✓ COMMUNICATION!

